

Climate Change and the NY State Energy Plan – or- NY MPOs in the greenhouse?

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Overview

- Background and policy objectives of NY State Energy Plan
- Analytical Approach
- Results to date
- MPO reaction

Status of “Greenhouse Gas” Documents

- New York State Energy Plan – adopted by Energy Planning Board, June 2002
- Recommendations to Governor Pataki for Reducing New York State Greenhouse Gas Emissions (in collaboration with the New York Greenhouse Gas Task Force) – delivered to Governor’s Office, April 2003

NY State Energy Plan

- Blueprint to inform energy decision making
- Provides broad statewide energy policy direction
- Considers:
 - transportation
 - environment
 - energy
 - economic development

NY State Energy Plan

- ~ 65 recommendations
- 30 directly or indirectly related to transportation

Recommendations

- Commit to a statewide goal of reducing greenhouse gas emissions 5% below 1990 levels by 2010, and 10% below 1990 levels by 2020
- The State adopts the goal of reducing statewide energy use in 2010 to a level that is 25% below 1990 energy use per unit of Gross State Product. In addition, the State adopts the goal of increasing the share of renewable energy as a percentage of primary energy use 50% by 2020.

Recommendations

- Working with regional and local planning organizations, analyze and quantify the energy use and air pollution emissions expected to result from transportation plans and programs
- Include in the State transportation planning and State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) related processes, consideration of CO₂ production and mitigation strategies, as appropriate

Recommendations

- Redirect transportation funding toward energy-efficient transportation alternatives, including public transportation, walking, and bicycling, and provide incentives to encourage greater use of related alternatives that improve transportation efficiency
- Target open space funding to prevent suburban sprawl, promote Quality Communities, reduce vehicle miles traveled, and support, adopt, and enhance transportation measures that reduce energy use and pollutant emissions

Recommendations

- Support, adopt, and enhance transportation measures that reduce energy use and pollutant emissions, such as Commuter Choice, Ozone Action Days, diesel vehicle retrofits, improved traffic signal coordination with light emitting diode replacement technology, transportation system management, and other similar actions

Implementation of Recommendations

- Consistent approach with air quality, CO₂ and energy analysis
- Consistent approach with conformity determinations in non-attainment areas
- Identification of projects
 - Relationship to NYS conformity regulation
 - Regionally significant transportation projects

Objective

- Consider the energy and greenhouse gas impacts of transportation actions
- Assess and compare the energy and greenhouse gas impacts due to the implementation of projects listed in TIPs and Long Range Plans

Determining the Need for Analysis

- Based on all regionally significant projects listed TIPs and Plans
 - Highway/Roadway Projects:
 - Traffic Signalization Projects
 - Transit/Rail Projects
 - Other

(projects identified as regionally significant are to be followed up at the projects stage with a project-level energy analysis)

Analysis Guidelines

- Assumptions and Inputs
 - Should be consistent with most up-to-date operational information relevant to the network being analyzed
 - Travel demand model networks should be updated to include all regionally significant projects
 - Where travel demand model not available, project-level analysis should be performed

Analysis Guidelines

- Direct and Indirect Energy Calculations for
 - No Action Scenario
 - TIP/Plan Scenario

Roadway Transportation Projects

- Direct Energy – The energy consumed by the vehicles using the facility.
- Indirect Energy – All energy inputs to the construction, operation, and maintenance of a system

Results

- Preliminary
- Not qa/qc'd
- Model based or project based, depending on MPO
- For 2025 analysis year
- Some MPOs did additional analysis years
- Confidence in trend, not absolute numbers

New York State MPOs

NEW YORK STATE METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATIONS



- AGFTC Adirondack-Glens Falls Transportation Council
- BMTC Binghamton Metropolitan Transportation Study
- CDTC Capital District Transportation Committee
- ETCCC Executive Transportation Committee of Chemung County
- GBNRTC Greater Buffalo-Niagara Regional Transportation Council
- GTC Genesee Transportation Council
- HOCTS Herkimer-Oneida Counties Transportation Study
- ITCTC Ithaca-Tompkins County Transportation Council
- NOCTC Newburgh-Orange County Transportation Council
- NYMTC New York Metropolitan Transportation Council
- POCTC Poughkeepsie-Dutchess County Transportation Council
- SMTC Syracuse Metropolitan Transportation Council
- UCTC Ulster County Transportation Council

GBNRTC Results



Direct Energy Reduction:
36 X 10⁹ BTUs
(19.23%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
781 tons
(19.26%)

Model based

GTC Results

Direct Energy Reduction:
 0.025×10^9 BTUs
(0.02%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
1 ton
(0.03%)

Model based



SMTC Results

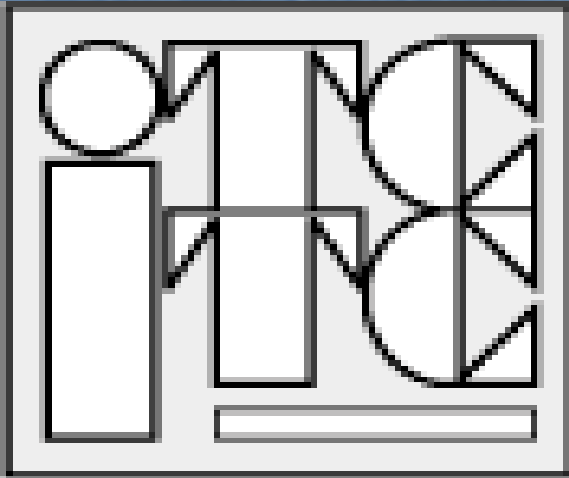


Direct Energy Reduction:
-1.07X10⁹ BTUs
(-1.05%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
21 tons
(1.13%)

Model based

ITCTC Results



Direct Energy Reduction:
 0.198×10^9 BTUs
(1.81%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
15 tons
(1.90%)

Model based

ECTC Results

Direct Energy Reduction:
172X10⁹ BTUs
(11.75%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
3612 tons
(11.70%)

Project based



ELMIRA-CHEMUNG
TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL

HOCTS Results

Direct Energy Reduction:

NA



Greenhouse Gas Reduction:

0.01 tons

(1.79%)

Project based

CDTC Results

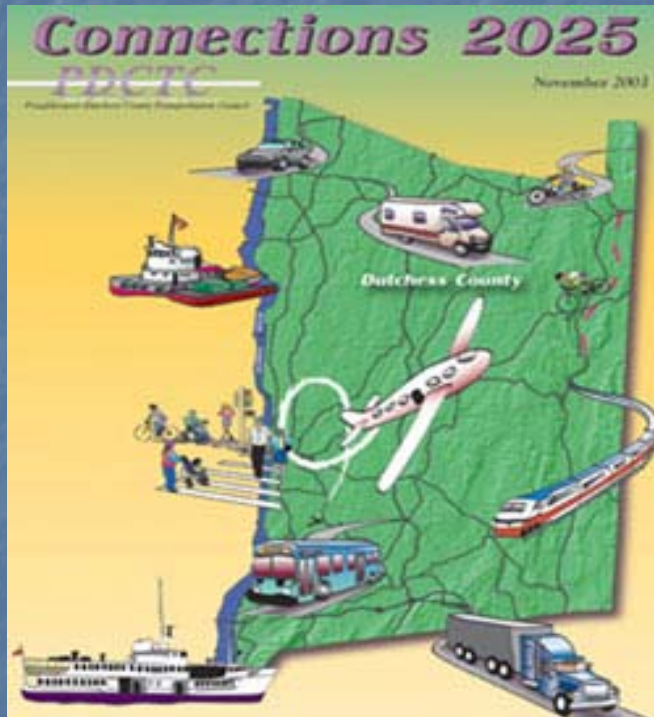


Direct Energy Reductions:
5228X10⁹ BTUs
(11.89%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
111,521 tons
(11.89%)

Model based

PDCTC Results



Direct Energy Reduction:
 1.086×10^9 BTUs
(2.55%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
23 tons
(2.54%)

Model based

OCTC Results



Direct Energy Results:
0.152X10⁹ BTUs
(0.13%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
3 tons
(0.12%)

Model based

Results to come

- A/GFTC

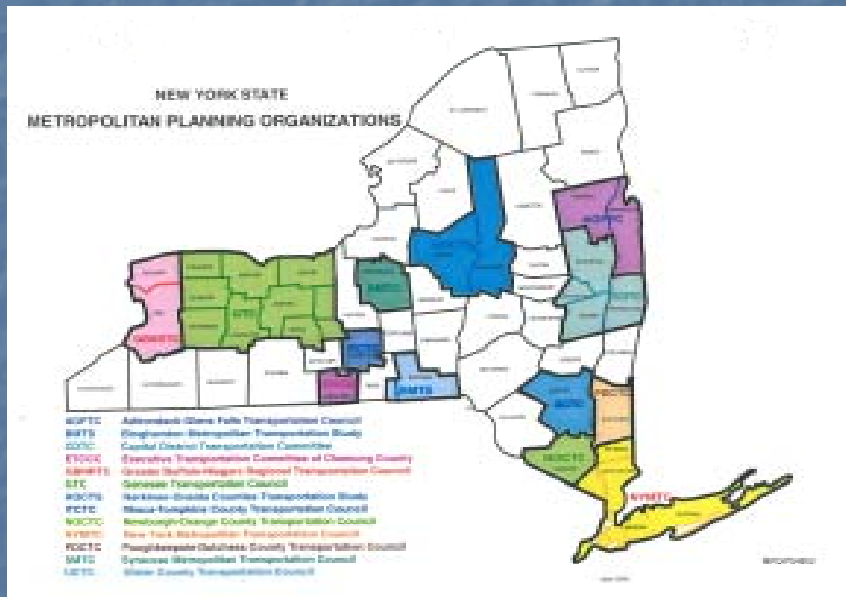
- BMTS

- UCTC

Statewide results

Direct energy reduction:
5443X10⁹ BTUs
(11.53%)

Greenhouse Gas Reduction:
116,883 tons
(10.90%)



MPO Reaction

- Both positive and negative
- Integrated policy direction from DOT
- TIPs and Plans can only affect small percentage of energy and emissions
- State needs to be leader in greenhouse gas reductions
- Guidance, guidance, guidance

MPO Reaction

- Force for positive change
- Will direct focus to energy use and greenhouse gas emissions
- Far-reaching policy objectives
- Promotes awareness of issues
- Recognizes role of transportation
- Promotes ongoing ride-sharing/TDM activities
- Supports innovative project alternative selection decisionmaking

For more information on the
New York State Energy Plan:

[www.nyserda.org/](http://www.nyserda.org/Energy_Information/energy_state_plan.asp)
Energy_Information/
energy_state_plan.asp